# Product Environmental Aspects Declaration

EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)



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## http://konicaminolta.jp

Please direct any inquiries or comments to e-mail: bt-environ@pub.konicaminolta.jp



Marking technologies Electrophotographic Printer (EP)

Printing speed 75 prints-per-minute(B/W)

Maximum copy paper SRA3

<u>Duplex copying</u> Non-stack ADU equipped

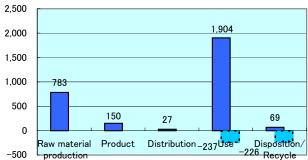
Document feeding ADF with Auto-document reversing function equipped

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Elle Cycle Impact								
Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals							
Global warming(CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent):kg	2,933							
Global Warming(OO2cquivalent).kg	(2,470)							
Acidification(SO <sub>2</sub> equivalent):kg	4.4							
Acidinication(00 gequivalent).ng	(3.6)							
Energy resources(crude oil equivalent):MJ	53,778							
Lifergy resources(crude oil equivalent).Mo	(45,243)							

※Figures in ( ) indicated environmental impact including recycle effect \*note3

#### Warming load CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent of each stage (kg)





Total of 3,375,000 sheets on the assumption of five years usage.

Environmental impact by copypaper is not included.

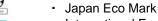
#### Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

### [Supplemental environmental information]



• Certified Environmental Standards



· International Energy Star Program

■Conforming to Japanese Law on Promoting Green Purchasing

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01,2008, Name of reprentative : Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier\*: Shozo Nakamuta

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

- \* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.
- \*The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

# Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)

Document control no.	F-02B-03	Unit Function DB version	2.1
Product vendor	KONICA MINOLTA, INC.	Characterization Factor DB version	2.1
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-13-E215		



PCR	PCR name			Э	EP and IJ printer		Product type			bizhub 754			
Value   Part					•		71	201.0	Package[kg]		Weight total[kg]	234.5	
Value   Part					1 1/2 000012 012 000		Dund	estion.	0 1 02				
The continuation	In/O	ut ite	ms		Life Cycle Stage	Unit			Distribution	Use	Disposal	Recycle	
Coal   Coal   Res   Re						MJ			3.67E+02	3.76E+04	1.50E+02	-8.54F+03	
The control of the			Ene	rgy Co	onsumption								
Note					Coal	kg							
Notice   Page   Page				Energy	Crude oil (as a fuel)								
Marting lands and   Not   Natural social as   Natural social as			E	nergy	Natural Gas	kg	1.99E+01	1.00E+01	1.24E-01	9.87E+01	3.79E-01		
Marting lands and   Not   Natural social as   Natural social as					Uranium ore	mg	1.86E-03	1.29E-03	5.80E-08	8.05E-03	4.92E-05	-4.05E-04	
Management   Martin School   Management   Manageme					kg	4.10E+01	0	0	1.60E+02	0	-5.61E+01		
March   Marc					Iron ore	kg	1.52E+02	0	0	6.95E+01	0	-8.84E+01	
Micked one   Natural Scale					Copper ore	kg	3.13E+00	0	0	1.30E+00	0	-1.60E+00	
Plumbous ore   Re		٦			Bauxite	kg	2.56E+00	-	-	9.43E+00	0	-4.78E+00	
Plumbous ore   Re		nent	tible		Nickel ore	kg	1.44E-01					−1.11E+00	
Plumbous ore   Re		nsur	haus		Chromium ore	kg	2.43E-01		_			−1.53E+00	
Variety of the first of the f		e Co	Α̈́E										
Variety of the first of the f		sourc m thu	M	laterial					_	_		_	
Silver ore   No.   Silver ore		Res						-	-				
Silve rore   Nat   Nat										_			
Silica sand   Ng   5.30E+00   0   0   7.47E-01   0   -1.67E+00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0									_	-		_	
Rock salt   kg   2.91E+01   3.50E+03   0   5.55E+00   8.21E-02   -1.33E+01   -1.40E+01   -1.20E+01													
Limestone   kg   3.00E+01   0   0   1.36E+01   6.51E-01   -1.40E+01									_				
CC2	es								-				
CC2	nalys												
CC2	ıryaı								_				
CC2	ventc								-		_		
SOX   RE   4.49E-01   1.13E-01   1.60E-02   1.45E+00   3.76E-02   -3.65E-01     NOX   RE   7.74E-01   9.16E-02   1.27E-01   2.30E+00   9.93E-02   -6.25E-01     NOX   RE   7.74E-01   9.16E-02   1.27E-01   2.30E+00   9.93E-02   -6.25E-01     NOX   RE   7.74E-01   9.16E-02   1.27E-01   2.30E+00   9.93E-02   -6.25E-01     NOX   RE   7.74E-01   9.16E-02   1.27E-01   2.30E+00   1.52E-04   -4.35E-02     CO   RE   1.12E-01   2.21E-02   3.38E-02   3.53E-01   2.33E-02   -8.55E-02     NMVOC   RE   9.65E-03   6.75E-03   3.04E-07   2.13E-02   2.58E-04   -1.95E-03     CXHy   RE   2.73E-02   6.20E-04   3.77E-03   6.40E-02   7.51E-04   -2.14E-02     dust   RE   9.98E-02   4.85E-03   1.21E-02   2.08E-01   6.08E-03   -8.14E-02     BOD   RE	Ē												
Nox   kg   7.74E-01   9.16E-02   1.27E-01   2.30E+00   9.93E-02   -6.25E-01   1.52E-04   -4.35E-02   -6.25E-01   1.52E-04   -4.35E-02   -6.25E-01   1.52E-04   -4.35E-02   -6.25E-01   1.52E-04   -4.35E-02   -6.25E-01   -6.25E-02   -6.25E-01   -6.25E-01   -6.25E-02   -6.25E-01   -6.25E-02   -6.25E-01   -6.25E-02   -6.25E-01   -6.25E-01   -6.25E-02   -6.25E-03   -6													
Name													
Value   Valu													
The large of the			to Atmosphere										
NMYOC   Kg   9.65E-03   6.75E-03   3.04E-07   4.18E-02   2.58E-04   -1.95E-03													
State   Stat					NMVOC								
March   Marc		ge			СхНу								
Value   Valu		schar			dust	kg	9.98E-02	4.85E-03	1.21E-02	2.08E-01	6.08E-03		
Value   Valu		n/Dis			BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-		
Value   Valu		issio the e			COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SS   kg		E to	to Water	system	N total	kg	-	-	_	_	_	-	
Value   Valu					P total	kg	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Siag   kg   4.63E+01   0   0   2.08E+01   0   -2.57E+01					SS	kg	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Value   Valu					Unspecified solid waste	kg		2.44E-02	_		1.02E+02		
Low emission radioactive waste   kg   1.30E-03   9.00E-04   4.05E-08   5.62E-03   3.44E-05   -2.83E-04						kg			_				
Tadioactive waste   kg   1.30E-03   9.00E-04   4.05E-08   5.62E-03   3.44E-05   -2.83E-04			to Soil sy	stem	Sludge	kg	3.71E+00	0	0	1.90E+01	0	-9.09E+00	
Tesources   Teso						kg	1.30E-03	9.00E-04	4.05E-08	5.62E-03	3.44E-05	−2.83E−04	
Tesources   Teso		nsumption	Fut-	-411-1-		kg	2.36E+02	5.64E+01	8.16E+00	5.83E+02	2.99E+00	-1.31E+02	
To   Figure   Figur	nent	95				kg	9.06E+02	0	0	2.42E+03	0	-1.26E+03	
to Water system to Soil	ssesn	tion b			(CO2 equivalent)	kg	7.83E+02	1.50E+02	2.72E+01	1.90E+03	6.86E+01	-4.63E+02	
to Water system to Soil	act as	dwnsı				kg	9.91E-01	1.77E-01	1.05E-01	3.06E+00	1.07E-01	-8.03E-01	
E U Soil System	lmp	ion Con											
		y Emis	to S	Soil									

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

#### I. Stage related

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
   (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
  - (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
- B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts)
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumable
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling

  E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of
- Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts

#### II. Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

  B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate,
- C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

#### III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO2 in case of "Global Warming"

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

#### IV Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results. C. Indicate "-" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
- - (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)
- \* This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

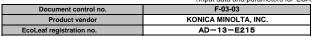
#### [Notes for readers: Target product specific]

- A."Raw material" in "Production" includes environmental impacts generated during mining transportation material production phases of the main body of the printer and the toner cartridge enclosed in the printer. The environmental impacts are calculated using the eco-leaf basic unit DB for calculations.

  B. "Product" in "production" includes environmental impacts of processing of the parts (injection, blow-, press- and glass-molding).
- The environmental impacts from the parts assembly plant which is different from the main body assembly plant (such parts are clacified in "parts C") are calculated using the eco-leaf basic unit DB for calculations.
- The impacts from the main body assembly plant are calculated using the quantitative data on environmental impacts in our assembly plant.
- C. Regarding the basis and the basic units for calculations during distribution stages
  - The total distance of the transportation in Japan of 100km is used according to PCR (AD-04) and the transportation overseas includes the transportation by track in China and by ship between China and Japan.
- D. Regarding the basis and the basic units for calculations during use and consumption stage
- The power consumption is measured by the TEC test procedure according to PCR (AD-04). 3,375,000 sheets are printed in total during the use period of five years.
- The toner consumption is summed up over the five years from the toner consumption data per sheet using our print pattern with 5% coverage. E. The recycling impacts are calculated assuming that 40% of the end-of-life printers are recovered from users according to PCR (AD-04).
- The impacts are calculated with the remaining 60% following the disposal senario as general wastes.
- F. The impacts of materilal production of recycled materials are included in the values with minus as a recycling effect.

#### Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)





EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04) bizhub 754
Weight total[kg] Product type 201.0

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Breakdown of primar	y materials		Math breakdown of pa	arts, which need to apply	y Processing / Assembly	Base Units (Parts B, C)
Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
Ordinary steel	1.46E+02	Rubber	4.03E-01	Press molding:Iron	1.37E+02	Parts assembly	8.22E-01
Stainless steel	8.90E-01	Semiconductor circuit board	3.64E+00	Press molding:Nonfer rous metal	3.22E+00		
Aluminium	1.63E+00			Injection molding			
Other metals	2.50E+00			Blow molding	2.80E-03		
Glass	3.38E+00			Glass molding	3.38E+00		
Thermoplastic resin	4.58E+01						
Wood	1.47E+01						
Paper	1.56E+01						
Subtotal	2.30E+02	Subtotal	4.04E+00				
	Total		2.34E+02	Subtotal	1.89E+02	Subtotal	8.22E-01

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

JOX and	OX and NOX should be indicated in SOZ; NOZ equivalent.										
ption	Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material	Material					
	Distribution	Electricity	Diesel oil as	Furnace urban	Industrial	Groundwater					
Ē		(kWh)	fuel(kg)	gas (m³)	water(kg)	(kg)					
Cons	Quantity	1.31E+02	1.05E-03	6.15E-01	6.47E+02	1.16E+02					
0	Note										
Emission/ Discharge	Classification	To Water system									
	Distribution	Sewage(kg)									
	Quantity	6.04E+02									
	Note										

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

Distribution	Means of transportation	Freight by ship	Diesel truck :20ton	Diesel truck :2ton			
	Conditions	Load(kg·km)	Load(kg·km)	Load(kg·km)			
	Quantity	3.99E+05	8.12E+04	1.50E+03			
	Note						

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
ō	Distribution	Electricity	Diesel oil as	Gasoline as	Furnace urban	Industrial	Groundwater	Ordinary steel	Stainless steel
Product	Distribution	(kWh)	fuel(kg)	fuel(kg)	gas (m³)	water(kg)	(kg)	(kg)	(kg)
<u>~</u>	Quantity	1.68E+03	7.56E-04	8.22E+00	2.95E+01	4.66E+02	4.67E+03	6.15E+01	1.66E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Processing
Product	Distribution	Aluminium (kg)	Copper(kg)	Thermoplastic resin(kg)	Wood(kg)	Paper(kg)	Rubber(kg)	Semiconductor circuit board(kg)	Press:Iron(kg)
<u>~</u>	Quantity	8.39E+00	1.26E-01	1.62E+02	3.78E+00	4.41E+01	2.04E+00	1.06E-01	7.82E+01
	Note								
#:	Classification	Processing	Processing	Processing	Assembly	To Water system			
Produc	Distribution	Press: Nonferrous(kg)	Injection molding(kg)	Blow molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Sewage(kg)			
	Quantity	2.40E+00	6.64E+01	6.83E+01	6.83E+01	4.21E+03			
	Note								
	Classification	Distribution	Distribution	Distribution					
Product Product	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)					
_	Quantity	1.10E+05	6.26E+04	2.85E+04					
	Note								

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

S	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment
umables	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene(kg)	Recycle: to iron(kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum(kg)	Recycle: to copper(kg)	Recycle: to plastics(kg)	Recycle: to Paper(kg)	Recycle: to Assembled circuit board(kg)
ons	Quantity	5.62E+00	7.19E-02	3.12E+01	3.36E+00	6.48E-02	4.17E+01	1.92E+01	1.44E-02
0	Note								
	Classification	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Ę	Distribution	Industrial waste destruction by fire(kg)	Industrial waste inning(kg)	Waste destruction by fire(kg)	Waste inning(kg)	Iron(kg)	Aluminum(kg)	Copper(kg)	Plastics(kg)
Š	Quantity	8.42E-01	4.99E-01	9.32E+01	5.20E+01	-3.12E+01	-3.36E+00	-6.48E-02	-4.17E+01
Consumables Consumables Consuma	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Distribution	Distribution				
20	Distribution	Paper(kg)	Recycle: to Assembled circuit board(kg)	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 4ton (kg•km)				
Co	Quantity	-1.92E+01	-1.44E-02	1.16E+04	1.41E+04				
	Note								

o. Disposi	tion/Recycle stage information (								
88	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment
sumables	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene(kg)	Recycle: to iron(kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum(kg)	Recycle: to copper(kg)	Recycle: to Glass(kg)	Recycle: to plastics(kg)	Recycle: to Paper(kg)
S	Quantity	5.44E+00	6.97E-02	5.86E+01	6.53E-01	1.50E+00	1.35E+00	1.81E+01	1.26E+01
0	Note								
	Classification	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
nsumables	Distribution	Recycle: to Assembled circuit board(kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste(kg)	Landfill: Industrial waste(kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash)(kg)	Landfill: General waste(kg)	Iron(kg)	Aluminium (kg)	copper(kg)
Consi	Quantity	4.95E-01	1.05E+00	3.69E-01	4.59E+01	9.43E+01	-5.86E+01	-6.53E-01	-1.50E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Distribution	Distribution		
nsumables	Distribution	Glass(kg)	Plastics(kg)	Paper(kg)	Recycle: to Assembled circuit board(kg)	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 4ton (kg•km)		
Cons	Quantity	-1.35E+00	-1.81E+01	-1.26E+01	-4.95E-01	1.13E+04	1.36E+04		
	Note						•		

#### 6. Others

#### A.Product information:

All the parts mass per unit sorted by materials and by processes/assembly are included. The motor mass is included in ordinary steel.

#### B.Production site information:

The energy consumption & material use during the main body assemby and cartridge & toner shipment are included. The environmental impacts that are exhausted from the production site in the atmosphere and the water system are included.

C.Distribution stage information:

The total distance of the transportation in Japan of 100km is used according to PCR (AD-04) and the transportation overseas includes the transportation by track in China and by ship between China and Japan.

#### D. Product and accessories subject to this analysis:

D. Product and accessories subject to this analysis:
The power consumption is calculated assuming the use period of five years and 3,375,000 sheets printed during the use period according to the PCR (AD-04).
The toner consumption is summed up over the five years from the toner consumption data per sheet using our print pattern with 5% coverage.
The production impacts of the cartridges and toner used during the use period of five years are included.
The impacts of the maintenance parts used and the transportation impacts of the maintenance during the use period of five years are included in this stage.

E. Disposal/Recycle information on the consumables and the maintenance parts during use stage:

The recycling information of the toner, the developer, the drums and the maintainance parts used during the use period of five years are included. The recycling processing impacts are included as plus and the production impacts of the recycled materials are included as minus.

#### F.Disposal/Recycle stage information:

The information on the products recovered from users is included.

The recycling processing impacts are included as plus and the production impacts of the recycled materials are included as minus.

G.This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.