Product Environmental Aspects Declaration

EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)



No. AD-15-544 Date of publication Aug./3/2015



http://konicaminolta.jp

Please direct any inquiries or comments to e-mail: bt-environ@pub.konicaminolta.jp



Marking technologies Electrophotographic Printer (EP)

Printing speed 36 prints-per-minute(B/W), 36 prints-per-minute(color)

Maximum copy paper A3

<u>Duplex copying</u> Non-stack ADU equipped

Life Cycle Impact

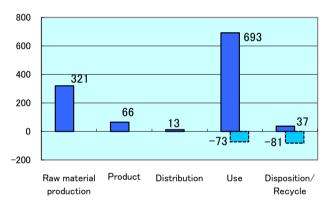
Life Cycle impact									
Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals								
Global warming(CO2equivalent):kg	1,130								
Global Warming(OO2cquivalent/.kg	(975)								
Acidification(SO₂equivalent):kg	1.8								
Acidinication(002cquivalent).kg	(1.5)								
Energy resources(crude oil equivalent):MJ	21,257								
Life gy resources (or due on equivalent). Mo	(18,200)								

%Figures in()indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3

Warming load CO₂ equivalent of each stage (kg)



Total of 777,600 sheets on the assumption of five years usage.
Environmental impact by copypaper is not included.



Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.

[Supplemental environmental information]



Certified Environmental Standards



- International Energy Star Program
- Conforming to Japanese Law on Promoting Green Purchasing
- This product consists of recycled material at more than 25% weight ratio of total resin volume.PCR^{**} ratio of this recycled material is approximately 70%.
- PCR (post-consumer recycling): materials recovered and recycled from consumers.

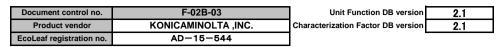
PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01,2008, Name of reprentative : Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: The third party verifier *: Kazuo Naito

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

^{*} In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)





Coal Section Coal Section Coal Section Coal Section Coal Section Coal Section Sect	DOD								ntp://www.jemai.or.jp							
FCR-IID AD-04 Product weight(kg) 12.5 Weight total(kg)		PCF	R nam	ne	EP and IJ print	er	Product type	bizhub C368								
Life Cycle Stape								85.0	Package[kg]			97.5				
Note Name							i roddet weight[kg]	00.0	i ackage[kg]	12.0	weight total[kg]	87.5				
Natural Color Natural Colo	Life Cycle Stage						Produ	ıction	51 / 11 /		<u> </u>	Dl.				
Coal Real 1,29E+03 3,00E+02 4,16E+01 3,43E+03 1,73E+01 1,73E+01 7,89E+01 7,99E+01 7,99E+	In/Ou	t ite	ms			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposal	Recycle				
Coal Natural Case Natural Case						MJ	5.40F+03	1.25F+03	1 74F+02	1 44F+04	7.26F+01	-3.06E+03				
Coal			En	ergy Co	onsumption							-7.30E+02				
Crude oil (as a fuel)					Cool											
Natural Gas												-2.90E+01				
Natural Gas Natural Gas Na Natural Gas Natural Gas Na Natural Gas Natural Gas Na Na Natural Gas Na Na Na Na Na Na Na				Energy	Crude oil (as a fuel)	kg	4.42E+01	9.04E+00			7.80E-01	−1.97E+01				
Crude oil (as an ingredients) kg 1.84E+01 0 0 7.25E+01 0 0 1.93E+01 0 0 0 1.93E+01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				- 3,	Natural Gas	kg	9.48E+00	5.08E+00	5.88E-02	4.53E+01	1.91E-01	-3.63E+00				
Court of the same ingredients Ref 1.84E+01 0 0 0 7.25E+01 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					Uranium ore	mg	8.16E-04	5.34E-04	2.76E-08	2.68E-03	2.50E-05	-1.31E-04				
Section Sect					Crude oil (as an			_	_		_					
Section Part Part						kg	1.84E+01	0	0	7.25E+01	0	-2.27E+01				
Copper ore Ng 1.03E+00 0 0 3.60E-03 0					,	Lon	E 17E (01		0	1.025.01	0					
Bauxite Res 1.38E+00 0 0 3.54E+00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0												-2.84E+01				
Nickel ore Rg 9.54E-02 0 0 3.50E-02 0 0 0						kg						-3.43E-01				
Solution Silver ore kg 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		_			Bauxite	kg	1.38E+00	0	0	3.54E+00	0	-1.97E+00				
Solution Silver ore kg 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	:	otior ent	ple		Nickel ore	kg	5.80E-02	0	0	3.50E-02	0	-3.72E-02				
Solution Silver ore kg 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		muo oum	austi		Chromium ore	kg		0	0	5.41E-02	0	-5.98E-02				
Solution Silver ore kg 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	,	S in	resc		Manganese ore						_	-2.42E-02				
Solution Silver ore kg 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(oe or	, I	Material												
Solution Silver ore kg 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		sour		aiciiai								-1.16E-02				
Solidore Recovered Recov		fe fe										0				
Silver ore kig 0					Zinc ore	kg	4.15E-01		_		_	-1.14E-01				
Silver ore					Gold ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Silica sand kg 2.51E+00 0 0 2.34E-01 0 0					Silver ore		0	0	0	0	0	0				
Rock salt kg 8.57E+00 1.26E-03 0 2.05E+00 3.01E-02												-8.20E-01				
Limestone Natural soda ash											_					
CO2	S											-3.16E+00				
CO2	alys					kg						-4.82E+00				
Table Tabl	aus				Natural soda ash	kg			_		0	-7.00E-02				
CO2	of				Wood	kg	1.73E+01	0	0	1.87E+01	0	-1.44E+01				
CO2	ver		resourc	es	Water	kg	2.03E+04	6.33E+03	3.06E-01	3.89E+04	3.01E+02	-7.06E+03				
SOX kg 2.03E-01 4.68E-02 8.56E-03 4.79E-01 2.00E-02					CO2	kg	3 15F+02	6 46F+01	1 24F+01	6 62F+02	3 69F+01	-1.50E+02				
NOX kg 3.76E-01 4.30E-02 7.63E-02 9.22E-01 4.95E-02 N2O kg 2.38E-02 4.55E-03 1.82E-03 1.14E-01 7.10E-05 CH4 kg 2.16E-03 1.43E-03 7.37E-08 7.11E-03 6.68E-05 CO kg 6.08E-02 9.62E-03 2.34E-02 1.22E-01 1.09E-02 NMVOC kg 4.22E-03 2.80E-03 1.44E-07 1.39E-02 1.31E-04 CXHY kg 1.27E-02 7.69E-04 2.04E-03 3.09E-02 3.15E-04 dust kg 4.56E-02 2.02E-03 6.91E-03 7.45E-02 2.95E-03 BOD kg - - - - OUW atter system to Soil system to S			to Atmosphere									-1.25E-01				
N20																
To Atmosphere CH4												-2.13E-01				
CO kg 6.08E-02 9.62E-03 2.34E-02 1.22E-01 1.09E-02					N2O	kg				1.14E-01		-1.53E-02				
NMVOC kg 4.22E-03 2.80E-03 1.44E-07 1.39E-02 1.31E-04					CH4	kg	2.16E-03	1.43E-03	7.37E-08	7.11E-03	6.68E-05	-3.15E-04				
NMVOC kg 4.22E-03 2.80E-03 1.44E-07 1.39E-02 1.31E-04					CO	kg	6.08E-02	9.62E-03	2.34E-02	1.22E-01	1.09E-02	-2.93E-02				
CxHy					NMVOC	kg						-6.17E-04				
Region Column C		ф ₊										-7.47E-03				
P total kg		nen			•											
P total kg		ron										-2.80E-02				
P total kg	į	on/E				kg	_	-	-	-	-	-				
P total kg		the			COD	kg	_	-	-	-	-	-				
P total kg	ı	교 5	to Wate	er system	N total	kg	_	-	-	-	-	-				
SS kg - - - - -					P total		_	-	-	-	_	_				
Unspecified solid waste kg 2.09E+00 8.37E-03 0 2.04E+01 3.72E+01							_	_	_	_	_	_				
Slag kg 1.62E+01 0 0 5.88E+00 0 Sludge kg 2.47E+00 0 0 7.60E+00 0 Low emission radioactive waste kg 5.71E-04 3.73E-04 1.93E-08 1.87E-03 1.74E-05 Exhaustible resources (crude oil equivalent) kg 9.86E+01 2.46E+01 3.88E+00 2.12E+02 1.45E+00 Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent) kg 3.32E+02 0 0 9.85E+01 0							2 00E+00	0 27E_02	0	2 04E+01	2 70E J 01	_1 21E+00				
Solid System Sludge kg 2.47E+00 0 0 7.60E+00 0												-1.31E+00				
Low emission radioactive waste kg 5.71E-04 3.73E-04 1.93E-08 1.87E-03 1.74E-05					_							-8.33E+00				
Tadioactive waste Kg 5.71E-04 3.73E-08 1.87E-03 1.74E-05 1.87E-05 1.87E-			to Soil s	system	Sludge	kg	2.47E+00	0	0	7.60E+00	0	-4.03E+00				
Tadioactive waste Kg 5.71E-04 3.73E-04 1.93E-08 1.87E-03 1.74E-05 1.74E-					Low emission	le er	E 71E 04	2 725 04	1.025.00	1.075.00	1 745 05					
Exhaustible resources (crude oil equivalent) Exhaustible resources (Iron ore equivalent) kg 9.86E+01 2.46E+01 3.88E+00 2.12E+02 1.45E+00 Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent) kg 3.32E+02 0 0 9.85E+01 0						кg	5./1E=U4	3./3E-U4	1.93E-08	1.8/E-03	1./4E-U5	-9.15E-05				
Exhaustible resources (Iron ore equivalent) Exhaustible resources (Iron ore equivalent) kg 3.32E+02 0 0 9.85E+01 0		noj			Energy resources											
Exhaustible resources (Iron ore equivalent) Exhaustible resources (Iron ore equivalent) kg 3.32E+02 0 0 9.85E+01 0		mpt				kg	9.86E+01	2.46E+01	3.88E+00	2.12E+02	1.45E+00	−4.37E+01				
Tesources Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent) kg 3.32E+02 0 0 9.85E+01 0		onst	Exhai	ustible	, , ,											
Trop of equivalenty		oo.				kg	3.32F+02	0	0	9.85E+01	0	-1.42E+02				
Second S	Ħ	sonuc			(iron ore equivalent)	, o	0.011		•	J.55E · 61						
September Color	ne	by R														
S S S S S S S S S S	esr	u				le=	2 21E±02	6 50E±01	1 205±01	6 03E±02	2 60E±01	_1 55E±00				
Atmosphere	SS	otic		10	(CO2 equivalent)	кд	3.21E+02	0.09E+U1	1.20E+U1	0.93E+UZ	3.09=+01	−1.55E+02				
Ded loss of the second of the	it a	Ē				kg	4.67E-01	7.69E-02	6.19E-02	1.12E+00	5.46E-02	-2.74E-01				
	Jac	nsı		-piieie	(OOZ equivalent)											
- Lander Land	Ĕ	ပိ														
To Water to Water	71	uo														
system		isi	sys	stem												
			to	Soil												
à system																

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
 - (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
 - (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
- B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables
- /maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

 D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling
- (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

 E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.
- Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.
- Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

 B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
- C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO2 in case of "Global Warming")

- A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
- B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
- C. Indicate "-" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
- (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

- [Notes for readers: Target product specific]

 A."Raw material" in "Production" includes environmental impacts generated during mining transportation material production phases of the main body of the printer and the toner cartridge enclosed in the printer. The environmental impacts are calculated using the eco-leaf basic unit DB for calculations.
- B. "Product" in "production" includes environmental impacts of processing of the parts (injection, blow-, press- and glass-molding).

 The environmental impacts from the parts assembly plant which is different from the main body assembly plant (such parts are clacified in "parts C") are
- C. Regarding the basis and the basic units for calculations during distribution stages
 - The total distance of the transportation in Japan of 100km is used according to PCR (AD-04) and the transportation overseas includes the transportation by track in China and by ship between China and Japan.
- D. Regarding the basis and the basic units for calculations during use and consumption stage
- The power consumption is measured by the TEC test procedure according to PCR (AD-04). 777,600 sheets are printed in total during the use period of five years. E. The recycling impacts are calculated assuming that 40% of the end-of-life printers are recovered from users according to PCR (AD-04).
- F. The impacts of materilal production of recycled materials are included in the values with minus as a recycling effect.

Product data sheet

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	KONICAMINOLTA,INC.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-15-544



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product type	bizhub C368				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1	Product weight[kg]	85.0	Package[kg]	12.5	Weight total[kg]	97.5

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Breakdown of primar	y materials		Math breakdown of par	rts, which need to apply	Processing / Assembly E	Base Units (Parts B, C)
Material name	Material name Weight (kg) Material name				Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
Ordinary steel	4.96E+01	Rubber	2.55E-01	Press molding:Iron	4.67E+01	Parts assembly	0
Stainless steel	3.61E-01	Semiconductor circuit board	1.79E+00	Press molding:Nonfe rrous metal	1.99E+00		
Aluminium	1.09E+00			Injection molding	2.99E+01		
Other metals	9.03E-01			Blow molding	0		
Glass	1.90E+00						
Thermoplastic resin	3.00E+01						
Wood	Wood 6.50E+00						
Paper 5.06E+00							
Subtotal	9.54E+01	Subtotal	2.04E+00				
	Total		9.75E+01	Subtotal	7.87E+01	Subtotal	0

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site. SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO2, NO2 equivalent.

c	Classification	Energy	Energy	Material	Material			
mption	Distribution	Electricity	Furnace urban	Industrial	Groundwater			
nsı		(kWh)	gas (m³)	water(kg)	(kg)			
Co	Quantity	5.30E+01	1.44E+00	2.22E+02	1.23E+02			
0	Note							
Emission/ Discharge	Classification	To Water system						
issi	Distribution	Sewage (kg)						
EH Dis	Quantity	2.17E+02						
	Note							
. Distribu	ution stage information (per unit): means, distan	ce, loading ratio,	consumptions a	and emissions/di	scharges.		
	Means of transportation	Facility by able	Diesel truck	Diesel truck				
Distribution	ividans of transportation	Freight by ship	:20ton	:2ton				
	Conditions	Load(kg · km)	Load(kg*km)	Load(kg · km)				
	Quantity	1.66E+05	5.64E+04	1.50E+03				
	Note							

Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.
 1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline as fuel(kg)	Furnace urban gas (m³)	Industrial water(kg)	Groundwater (kg)	Ordinary steel (kg)		Aluminium (kg)
ď	Quantity	6.01E+02	2.18E+00	2.65E+01	8.87E+01	3.55E+03	1.86E+01	2.19E-01	3.35E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Processing	Processing	Processing	Processing	Assembly
Product	Distribution	Thermoplastic resin(kg)	Paper(kg)	Rubber (kg)	Press:Iron(kg)	Press: Nonferrous(kg)	Injection molding(kg)	Blow molding (kg)	Parts assembly(kg)
ď	Quantity	7.26E+01	8.78E+00	9.03E-01	2.31E+01	2.04E+00	1.08E+01	1.31E+01	1.31E+01
	Note								
	Classification	To Water system							
Product	Distribution	Sewage (kg)							
	Quantity	2.38E+03							
	Note								
Product	Classification	Distribution	Distribution	Distribution					
	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)					
	Quantity	4.22E+04	1.89E+04	1.12E+04					
	Note								

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment
Consumables	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene(kg)	Recycle: to iron(kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum(kg)	Recycle: to copper(kg)	Recycle: to plastics(kg)	Recycle: to Paper(kg)	Industrial waste destruction by fire(kg)
Š	Quantity	2.06E+00	2.83E-02	7.52E+00	1.34E+00	3.55E-03	1.72E+01	3.51E+00	3.68E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
sumables	Distribution	Industrial waste inning(kg)	Waste destruction by fire(kg)	Waste inning(kg)	Iron(kg)	Aluminum(kg)	Copper(kg)	Plastics(kg)	Paper(kg)
Consi	Quantity	1.75E-01	3.19E+01	1.33E+01	-7.52E+00	-1.34E+00	-3.55E-03	-1.72E+01	-3.51E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Distribution	Distribution						
Consumables	Distribution	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg*km)	Diesel truck: 4ton (kg•km)						
Ŝ	Quantity	3.62E+03	4.38E+03						
	Note								

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Consumables	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene(kg)	Recycle: to iron(kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum(kg)	Recycle: to copper(kg)	Recycle: to Glass(kg)	Recycle: to plastics(kg)	Recycle: to Paper(kg)
	Quantity	2.67E+00	3.66E-02	1.99E+01	4.35E-01	6.05E-01	7.61E-01	6.73E+00	4.87E+00
0	Note								
	Classification	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Incineration: Industrial waste(kg)	Landfill: Industrial waste(kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash)(kg)	Landfill: General waste(kg)	Iron(kg)	Aluminium (kg)	copper(kg)	Glass(kg)
S	Quantity	5.38E-01	1.35E-01	2.51E+01	3.32E+01	-1.99E+01	-4.35E-01	-6.05E-01	-7.61E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Distribution	Distribution				
Consumables	Distribution	Plastics(kg)	Paper(kg)	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 4ton (kg•km)				
	Quantity	-6.73E+00	-4.87E+00	4.68E+03	5.66E+03				
	Note								

6. Others

A.Product information:

All the parts mass per unit sorted by materials and by processes/assembly are included. The motor mass is included in ordinary steel.

B.Production site information:

The energy consumption & material use during the main body assemby and cartridge & toner shipment are included.

The environmental impacts that are exhausted from the production site in the atmosphere and the water system are included.

C.Distribution stage information:

The total distance of the transportation in Japan of 100km is used according to PCR (AD-04) and the transportation overseas includes the transportation by track in China and by ship between China and Japan.

D. Product and accessories subject to this analysis:

The power consumption is calculated assuming the use period of five years and 777,600 sheets printed during the use period according to the PCR (AD-04).

The toner consumption is summed up over the five years from the toner consumption data per sheet using our print pattern with 5% coverage.

The production impacts of the cartridges and toner used during the use period of five years are included.

The impacts of the maintenance parts used and the transportation impacts of the maintenace during the use period of five years are included in this stage.

E. Disposal/Recycle information on the consumables and the maintenance parts during use stage:

The recycling information of the toner, the developer, the drums and the maintainance parts used during the use period of five years

The recycling processing impacts are included as plus and the production impacts of the recycled materials are included as minus. Treatment of copper and deduction of copper include copper of " assembled circuit board".

Incineration of assembled circuit board is included "Incineration: Industrial waste".

F.Disposal/Recycle stage information:

The information on the products recovered from users is included.

The recycling processing impacts are included as plus and the production impacts of the recycled materials are included as minus. Treatment of copper and deduction of copper include copper of " assembled circuit board". Incineration of assembled circuit board is included "Incineration: Industrial waste".