

環境データ2026 Environmental Data 2026

※ 当該情報は第三者機関による保証対象指標です。 ※ This information has been assured by a third party.
注：各データについての算定基準は、当該データが記載されている表の下に記載しています。 Note: Calculation standards for the figures are listed below the table containing the relevant data.
注：数値については四捨五入しているため、合計が合わない場合があります。 Note: Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding.

事業活動にともなう環境負荷の全体像 Overall View of Environmental Impacts Resulting from Business Activities

指標 Indicators		概要 Overview	単位 Unit	FY2025
INPUT				
生産・研究開発 Production / Research and Development				
エネルギー Energy	電力 Electricity		百万kWh Million kWh	259.6 点
	うち再生可能エネルギー由来電力 Of which, renewable electricity		百万kWh Million kWh	147.3 点
	うち購入量 Of which, amount of purchased		百万kWh Million kWh	139.3 点
	化石燃料 ^{*1} Fossil fuels ^{*1}		TJ	2,172 点
物流 Distribution				
エネルギー Energy	化石燃料 Fossil fuels		TJ	347.1 点
販売・サービス Sales and service				
エネルギー Energy	電力 Electricity		百万kWh Million kWh	58.1 点
	うち再生可能エネルギー由来電力 Of which, renewable electricity		百万kWh Million kWh	6.9 点
	うち購入量 Of which, amount of purchased		百万kWh Million kWh	5.8 点
	化石燃料<オフィス> ^{*1} Fossil fuels (offices) ^{*1}		TJ	54.0 点
	化石燃料<車両> Fossil fuels (vehicles)		TJ	484.3 点
使用 Usage				
エネルギー Energy	電力 Electricity		百万kWh Million kWh	323.2 点
OUTPUT				
調達 Procurement				
大気 Atmosphere	CO ₂ 排出量 CO ₂ emissions		t-CO ₂	501,865 点
生産・研究開発 Production / Research and Development				
大気 Atmosphere	CO ₂ 排出量(スコープ2は独自基準 ^{*2}) CO ₂ emissions (Konica Minolta Standards ^{*2})		t-CO ₂	165,898 点
物流 Distribution				
大気 Atmosphere	CO ₂ 排出量 CO ₂ emissions		t-CO ₂	25,851 点
販売・サービス Sales and service				
大気 Atmosphere	CO ₂ 排出量<オフィス>(スコープ2は独自基準 ^{*2}) CO ₂ emissions (offices, Konica Minolta Standards ^{*2})		t-CO ₂	26,470 点
	CO ₂ 排出量<車両>(スコープ2は独自基準 ^{*2}) CO ₂ emissions (vehicles, Konica Minolta Standards ^{*2})		t-CO ₂	34,759 点
使用 Usage				
大気 Atmosphere	CO ₂ 排出量 CO ₂ emissions		t-CO ₂	147,981 点
製品廃棄 End-of-life treatment of sold products				
大気 Atmosphere	CO ₂ 排出量 CO ₂ emissions		t-CO ₂	102,219 点

注：温室効果ガスの算定対象は地球温暖化対策推進法に規定されているように、すべての事業所の排出量の合計が、温室効果ガスの種類ごとにCO₂換算で3,000トンを超えるものとしています。
Note:As stipulated in the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures, greenhouse gas emissions are calculated when the total emissions from all business locations exceed 3,000 tons of CO₂ equivalent for each type of greenhouse gas.
注：温室効果ガス排出量の定量化は、活動量データの測定、及び排出係数の決定に関する不確実性並びに地球温暖化係数の決定に関する科学的な不確実性にさらされています。
Note: GHG emissions quantification is subject to uncertainty when measuring activity data, determining emission factors, and considering scientific uncertainty inherent in the Global Warming Potentials.
※1：化石燃料に石油系・炭素・水素を含みます。 *1: Fossil fuels include steam, hot water, and cold water.
※2：Scope1とScope3の合計値。Scope2についてはコニカミノルタ独自の基準で算定しており、各拠点で購入したエネルギーの使用量に、以下の係数を乗じて算出しています。
・電力：<日本>電気事業連合会が公表する2005年度全国電圧平均値、<海外>GHGプロトコルが公表する各国の2005年度CO₂排出係数。再生可能エネルギー由来電力を使用した場合、当該電力の排出係数はゼロとして算定。
・熱：環境省/経済産業省が公表する熱供給事業個別排出係数を使用。拠点所在地の独自単位数がある場合は当該単位数を使用。
*2: The total value of Scope 1 and Scope 2. Scope 2 is calculated according to Konica Minolta standards. It is calculated by multiplying the amount of energy purchased and consumed at each location by the following factors.
Electricity in Japan: Fiscal 2005 average value of all electrical power sources, as specified by the Federation of Electric Power Companies of Japan.
Electricity outside Japan: Fiscal 2005 emissions coefficients applicable to each country, as specified by the GHG Protocol.
When calculating emissions from the use of electricity derived from renewable energy sources, the emission factor is set to zero.
・Heat:Emissions coefficients by heat supply company published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. If the location of the business has its own unit of measurement, that unit of measurement is used.

再生可能エネルギーの利用状況 Status of Renewable Energy Use

指標 Indicators		単位 Unit	FY2025
再生可能エネルギー由来電力使用量総計 Total electricity derived from renewable energy sources		MWh	154,209 点

注：集計範囲は全世界の連結対象の全社です。 Note: The boundary of data covers all consolidated companies worldwide.

製品ライフサイクルCO₂排出量 Product Lifecycle CO₂ Emissions

スコープ1,2,3のうち、コニカミノルタで目標設定を行う範囲として定めたCO₂排出量合計。範囲の詳細は下部スコープ1,2,3排出量の表を参照のこと。
Total CO₂ emissions defined as the scope for target setting at Konica Minolta (covering Scope 1, 2, and 3). For details on the scope, please refer to the "Scope 1, 2, and 3 Emissions" table below.
2025年度までの目標にて使用されている範囲と。2026年度以降の目標で使用する範囲が異なりますが、詳細は「スコープ1,2,3排出量」表の各指標の注釈を参照ください。
The scope used for the targets up to fiscal year 2025 differs from the scope used for the targets from fiscal year 2026 onwards; please refer to the notes for each indicator in the "Scope 1, 2, and 3 Emissions" table for details.

指標 Indicators		概要 Overview	単位 Unit	FY2025
製品ライフサイクルCO ₂ 排出量総計 Total Product lifecycle CO ₂ emissions		2025年度目標にて使用 For use in the FY2025 targets	t-CO ₂	698,905 点
製品ライフサイクルCO ₂ 排出量総計 Total Product lifecycle CO ₂ emissions			t-CO ₂	984,528 点
	Scope1+Scope2	2026年度以降目標（SBT目標と整合）にて使用 ^{*1} Used for targets from 2026 onwards (aligned with SBT targets) ^{*1}	t-CO ₂	206,612 点
	Scope3		t-CO ₂	777,916 点

※1：2026年度からの中期経営計画「Corporate Plan 2026-2028」で目標管理してゆく2026年度以降の目標において、Scope1+Scope2、Scope3の各指標に基づいて算定し、進捗を管理していきます。またScope1+Scope2の数値は、SBT目標として設定している算定方法・目標値と整合しており、サステナビリティ・リンク・ボンド・レポートの掲載にて報告を求めている数値でもあります。
*1: Regarding the targets for fiscal year 2026 and beyond—which will be managed under the "Corporate Plan 2026-2028" Medium-Term Management Plan—we will calculate figures based on the respective metrics for Scope 1 & 2 and Scope 3, and track our progress. Furthermore, the figures for Scope 1 & 2 align with the calculation methods and target values established for our SBT targets; these figures are also required to be reported under the sustainability-linked bond reporting framework.

スコープ1,2,3排出量 ^{*1} Scope 1,2,3 Emissions ^{*1}

指標 Indicators		概要 Overview	2025年度までの製品ライフサイクルCO ₂ CO2 vision by FY2025	2026年度からの製品ライフサイクルCO ₂ ^{*2} CO2 vision after FY2026 ^{*2}	FY2025
スコープ 1 Scope 1		Scope 1 コニカミノルタグループ合計 Total Scope 1	✓		146,763 点
		うち Scope 1 SBT目標で使用 Of which, Used for Scope 1 SBT targets		✓	146,339 点
スコープ 2 (独自基準) Scope 2 (Konica Minolta Standards)		Scope 2 (独自基準) 合計 Total Scope 2 (Konica Minolta Standards)	✓		80,363 点
スコープ 2 (ロケーション基準) Scope 2 (location based)		Scope 2 (ロケーション基準) 合計 Total Scope 2 (location based)			133,511 点
スコープ 2 (マーケット基準) Scope 2 (market based)		Scope 2 (マーケット基準) 合計 Total Scope 2 (market based)			71,335 点
		うち Scope 2 SBT目標で使用 Of which, Used for Scope 2 SBT targets		✓	60,273 点
スコープ 3 Scope 3	カテゴリー 1 Category 1	購入した物品、サービス Purchased goods and services	2025年度までの算定基準 Calculation criteria through fiscal year 2025	✓	297,947 点
			2026年度からの算定基準 ^{*3} Calculation criteria starting from fiscal year 2026 ^{*3}	✓	501,865 点
	カテゴリー 4 ^{*4} Category 4 ^{*4}	輸送・流通（上流）製品の輸送に係る物流 ^{*5} Upstream transportation and distribution: Logistics related to product transportation ^{*5}	✓	✓	25,851 点
	カテゴリー 11 ^{*6} Category 11 ^{*6}	販売した製品の廃棄 Use of sold products	✓	✓	147,981 点
		カテゴリー 12 ^{*7} Category 12 ^{*7}	販売した製品の廃棄 End-of-life treatment of sold products	✓	102,219 点

注：温室効果ガス排出量の定量化は、活動量データの測定、及び排出係数の決定に関する不確実性並びに地球温暖化係数の決定に関する科学的な不確実性にさらされています。 Note: GHG emissions quantification is subject to uncertainty when measuring activity data, determining emission factors, and considering scientific uncertainty inherent in the Global Warming Potentials.
※1：上記表「[Scope 1,2,3排出量]」の各欄は、コニカミノルタがGHGプロトコルを参照して設定した算定基準に従って算定されています。 [参照し、GHGプロトコルの基準]：GHGプロトコル コーポレート基準、GHGプロトコル スコープガイダンス、GHGプロトコル スコープ3基準
*1: The values in the table above are calculated in accordance with the calculation standards established by Konica Minolta with reference to the GHG Protocol. [GHG Protocol standards referenced]: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard, GHG Protocol Scope2 Guidance, Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard
※2：2026年度からの製品ライフサイクルCO₂に適用する算定基準・範囲を見直しています。算定範囲は、スコープ1,2では一部将来的に連結を獲れる可能性がある拠点を除いたことに加え、スコープ3ではカテゴリー12を新たに加えています。算定方法では、国際的に標準化及び公開されている排出係数のデータベースへの統一を図り、活動による削減効果の算定プロセスの明確化と比較可能性を向上させるため変更しております。
*2: We are reviewing the calculation standards and scope applicable to product lifecycle CO2 emissions starting in fiscal year 2026. Regarding the calculation scope, we have excluded certain sites from Scopes 1 and 2 that may potentially be removed from the consolidated group in the future, while adding Category 12 to the Scope 3 calculations. As for the calculation methodology, we are making changes to standardize the use of internationally recognized and publicly available emission factor data sources, and to clarify the process for calculating emission reductions achieved through our activities, thereby enhancing comparability.

スコープ1 算定基準 Scope 1 calculation standards

【生産/研究開発 活動 および 販売・サービス活動でのCO₂排出量】
対象範囲：全世界の生産・研究開発拠点 および 全世界の連結対象の全販売会社
算定基準（生産・研究開発拠点）：各拠点のエネルギー使用量に、以下の係数を乗じて算出しています。
算定基準（オフィス）：拠点のエネルギー使用量に、以下の係数を乗じて算出しています。エネルギー使用量には一部推定値を含みます。
算定基準（運送）：車両燃料の消費量に、以下の係数を乗じて算出しています。燃料使用量には一部推定値を含みます。
・燃料：環境省・経済産業省「温室効果ガス排出量算定・報告マニュアル（Ver6.1）」に規定される係数
[CO₂ emissions in production/R&D stage, and Sales/Service stage]
Boundary: Production and R&D sites worldwide, and all consolidated sales companies worldwide
Standards (production/R&D sites): CO₂ emissions are calculated by multiplying the amount of energy used at each site by the following coefficients
Standards (Offices): CO₂ emissions are calculated by multiplying the amount of energy used by sites by the following coefficients. The amount of energy used includes some estimated values.
Standards (Vehicles): CO₂ emissions are calculated by multiplying the amount of vehicle fuel used by the following coefficients. The amount of fuel used includes some estimated values.
・Fuel: Coefficients stipulated in the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry's "Greenhouse Gas Emissions Calculation and Reporting Manual (Ver. 6.1)"

スコープ2 算定基準 Scope 2 calculation standards

【生産/研究開発 活動 および 販売・サービス活動でのCO₂排出量】
対象範囲：全世界の生産・研究開発拠点、および 全世界の連結対象の全販売会社
算定基準（スコープ2 独自基準）：各拠点で購入したエネルギー使用量に、以下の係数を乗じて算出しています。エネルギー使用量には一部推定値を含みます。
・電力：<日本> 電気事業連合会が公表する2005年度全電源平均値、<海外> GHGプロトコルが公表する各国の2005年度CO₂排出係数。再生可能エネルギー由来電力を使用した場合、当該電力の排出係数はゼロとして算定。
・熱：環境省/経済産業省が公表する熱供給事業暫定排出係数（代替値）を使用。拠点所在地の独自係数単位がある場合は当該係数単位を使用。
算定基準（スコープ2 グリーン基準）：各拠点で購入したエネルギー使用量に、以下の係数を乗じて算出しています。エネルギー使用量には一部推定値を含みます。
・電力：<日本> 環境省/経済産業省が公表する電気事業暫定排出係数の「全国平均排出係数」、<海外> IEA Emissions Factors 2025 "CO₂ emissions per kwh of electricity only" の各欄「Total」値
・熱：環境省/経済産業省が公表する熱供給事業暫定排出係数（代替値）を使用。拠点所在地の独自係数単位がある場合は当該係数単位を使用。
算定基準（スコープ2 マーケット基準）：各拠点で購入したエネルギー使用量に、以下の係数を乗じて算出しています。エネルギー使用量には一部推定値を含みます。
・電力：<日本> 環境省/経済産業省が公表する電気事業暫定排出係数の「全国平均排出係数」を使用。<海外> IEA Emissions Factors 2025 "CO₂ emissions per kwh of electricity only" の各欄「Total」値
・熱：環境省/経済産業省が公表する熱供給事業暫定排出係数（代替値）を使用。拠点所在地の独自係数単位がある場合は当該係数単位を使用。

[CO₂ emissions from production/R&D activities and sales/service activities]
Boundary: Production and R&D sites worldwide, and all consolidated sales companies worldwide
Calculation standard (Scope 2 Konica Minolta standard): Calculated by multiplying the amount of energy purchased at each site by the following coefficient. The amount of energy used includes some estimated values.
・Electricity in Japan: Fiscal 2005 average value of all electrical power sources, as specified by the Federation of Electric Power Companies of Japan.
・Electricity outside Japan: Fiscal 2005 emissions coefficients applicable to each country, as specified by the GHG Protocol.
When calculating emissions from the use of electricity derived from renewable energy sources, the emission factor is set to zero.
・Heat:Emissions coefficients (alternative values) by heat supply company published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. If the location of the business has its own unit of measurement, that unit of measurement is used.
Calculation standard (Scope 2 Location-based): Calculated by multiplying the amount of energy purchased at each site by the following coefficient. The amount of energy used includes some estimated values.
・Electricity in Japan: "National average emission factor" of emission factors by electric power companies published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry of Japan
Electricity outside Japan: IEA Emissions Factors 2025 "CO₂ emissions per kwh of electricity only" "Total" value for each country
・Heat:Emissions coefficients (alternative values) by heat supply company published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. If the location of the business has its own unit of measurement, that unit of measurement is used.
Calculation standard (Scope 2 Market-based): Calculated by multiplying the amount of energy purchased at each site by the following coefficient. The amount of energy used includes some estimated values.
・Electricity in Japan: Emission factor of "National average emission factor" of emission factors by electric power companies published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry of Japan
Electricity outside Japan: IEA Emissions Factors 2025 "CO₂ emissions per kwh of electricity only" "Total" value for each country
・Heat:Emissions coefficients (alternative values) by heat supply company published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. If the location of the business has its own unit of measurement, that unit of measurement is used.

スコープ3 算定基準（第三者保証を受けたFY2025実績の算定方法） Scope 3 calculation standards (Calculation method for FY2025 results subject to third-party assurance)

カテゴリー1 購入した物品、サービス（調達活動でのCO₂排出量）
対象範囲：コニカミノルタが生産かつ販売する、情報機器および消耗品、機能材料、光学コンポーネント、ヘルスクア製品
算定基準：情報機器の製品およびオプション機能については製品ごとの年間販売重量に、エレクトリック環境ラベル/SuMPO EPO プログラムの公開値がある製品については原材料調達ステージのGHG排出量より算定した製品重量当たりの係数を乗じ、公開値がない製品は素材重量実績より算定した係数を乗じて算出しています。
その他の製品については資源投入量に、買付段階から企業技術総合研究所IDEA v3.4（IPCC2013 without LULUCF AR5）等の係数を乗じて算出しています。
Category 1 Purchased goods and services (CO₂ emissions in procurement stage)
Boundary: Business Technologies Business equipment and consumable supplies, performance materials, optical components, healthcare Business products manufactured and sold by Konica Minolta group.
Standards: For Business Technologies Business equipment and optional units, calculations are performed by multiplying the annual sales weight of each product by a product-specific weight-based emission factor. This factor is derived from GHG emissions at the raw material procurement stage for products with published values for the EcoLeaf Environmental Label / SuMPO EPO Program. For other products, calculations are performed by multiplying resource input quantities by factors such as those from IDEA v3.4 (IPCC 2013 AR5, excluding LULUCF) provided by the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST).
※3：2026年度より、算定基準の見直しを行います。
算定基準：情報機器の製品およびオプション機能については製品ごとの年間販売重量に、一般社団法人サステナブル経営推進機構（SuMPO）EPO プログラムの原材料調達ステージのGHG排出量公開値より算定した製品重量単位数を乗じて換算する方法で算出しています。
その他の製品については資源投入量に、国立研究開発法人産業技術総合研究所IDEA v3.5（IPCC2013 without LULUCF AR5）の係数を乗じて算出しています。
*3: Starting in fiscal year 2026, we have reviewed the calculation method.
Standards: For Business Technologies Business products and optional units, calculations are performed by multiplying the annual sales weight of each product by a product-specific weight-based intensity factor. This factor is derived from publicly available GHG emission data for the raw material procurement stage, as specified by the Sustainable Management Promotion Organization (SuMPO EPO) program.
For other products, calculations are performed by multiplying the resource input quantities by factors such as those from IDEA v3.5 (IPCC 2013 AR5, excluding LULUCF) provided by the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST).

カテゴリー4 輸送・流通（上流）
※4：算定基準：貨物重量に輸送距離を乗じ、その値に輸送手段別の排出係数単位を乗じて算定しています。
・日本国内物流：ロジスティクス分野におけるCO₂排出量算定方法共同ガイドラインVer.3.2に規定される係数と国立研究開発法人産業技術総合研究所 IDEA v3.4（IPCC2013 without LULUCF AR5）
・国際物流：中国およびマレーシアの生産物流：GLEC（Global Logistics Emissions Council）フレームワーク Ver.3.0
※5：カテゴリー4のうち、製品の輸送にも物流について第三者保証を受けた、光学コンポーネントについては売上高より算定しています。
対象範囲：情報機器、光学コンポーネント、機能材料、ヘルスクア製品に関する、国際物流、日本国内物流、中国およびマレーシアの生産物流（工場から港まで）。
Category 4 Upstream transportation and distribution
※4: Standards: CO₂ emissions are calculated by multiplying transport distance by cargo weight, and then multiplying that value by the CO₂ emissions coefficient of each means of transportation.
・Domestic logistics in Japan: Coefficients specified in the Joint Guidelines for Calculating CO₂ Emissions in the Logistics Sector, Ver. 3.2, and the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology's IDEA v3.4 (IPCC 2013 without LULUCF AR5).
・International logistics, production logistics in China and Malaysia: GLEC (Global Logistics Emissions Council) Framework, Ver. 3.0.
*5: In Category 4, logistics related to product transportation have assured by a third party. Estimated for optical components based on sales.
Boundary: International logistics, domestic logistics in Japan, and production logistics in China and Malaysia (from factories to ports) for Business Technologies Business, optical components, functional materials, and healthcare products.

カテゴリー11 販売した製品の使用
※6：対象範囲：コニカミノルタが生産かつ販売する、情報機器およびヘルスクア製品、他は製品の一部として組み込まれる光学コンポーネント事業の製品については算定から除外しています。
算定基準：市場販売台数（年度ごとの販売台数と製品寿命から算計）に、想定される機械ごとの年間電力消費量とCO₂排出係数（IEA Emissions Factors 2025 "CO₂ emissions per kwh of electricity only" の2023年度世界（World平均値））を乗じて算出しています。年間電力消費量は、情報機器は国際エネルギースタープログラムに規定されたTEC値（Ver 2.0）、ヘルスクア製品は製品仕様などに基づいてい
ます。
Category 11 Use of sold products
*6: Boundary: Business Technologies Business equipment and Healthcare Business products manufactured and sold by Konica Minolta group. Optical Components Business products that are incorporated as part of other companies' products are excluded from the calculation.
Standards: Calculated by multiplying the number of units in operation on the market (estimated from the number of units sold each year and product lifespan) by the expected annual electricity consumption and CO₂ emission coefficient for each model (the world average value for each country on fiscal year 2023 actual value from the IEA Emissions Factors 2025 "CO₂ emissions per kwh of electricity only").
The annual amount of electricity consumption for Business Technologies Business equipment is estimated based on the Typical Electricity Consumption (TEC Ver 2.0) value set by the International Energy Star Program, and for equipment or healthcare systems it is estimated based on each product's specifications.

カテゴリー12 販売した製品の廃棄
※7：対象範囲：情報機器/ヘルスクア/機能材料/光学コンポーネントの製品、消耗品及び包装材料（適い等により包装材料を使用しない場合は製品のみ）
算定基準：販売した製品を構成する部材の重量と 処理方法別の排出係数※8 を乗じて算定しています。販売した製品が将来的に商業的に廃棄される量、当該年度の排出とみなして計上しています。情報機器の本体製品については製品ごとの年間販売重量に、一般社団法人サステナブル経営推進機構（SuMPO）が公開するSuMPO環境ラベルプログラム（SuMPO EPO、エレクトリックから名称変更）の商業ステージのGHG排出量の値（2025年度末時点まで有効な値）より算定した製品重量単位数を乗じて換算する方法で算出しています。
※8：処理方法別の排出係数単位：環境省・経済産業省 サプライチェーンを通じた組織の温室効果ガス排出量の算定のための排出係数データベース（v3.6）を適用
Category 12 End-of-life treatment of sold products
*7: Boundary: Products, consumable supplies and packaging materials in the Business Technologies Business, Healthcare business, Performance materials, and Optical component business manufactured and sold by Konica Minolta group (only products if no packaging materials are used due to returnable boxes, etc.)
Standards: Calculated by multiplying the weight of materials that make up the products sold by the emission intensity for each processing method*8. The amount of sold products that will be disposed of in the future is counted as emissions for that fiscal year.
For main units of Business Technologies Business, calculations are made by multiplying the annual sales weight of each product by a product-weight-based intensity factor; this factor is derived from the GHG emission values for the disposal stage—specifically, values valid as of the end of fiscal year 2025—as published under the SuMPO Environmental Label Program (SuMPO EPO, formerly known as EcoLeaf) by the Sustainable Management Promotion Organization (SuMPO).
*8: Emission intensity by processing method: Based on the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry Emissions Intensity Database (v3.6) for calculating greenhouse gas emissions by organizations through the supply chain.

顧客、社会でのCO₂削減貢献量 (Avoided Emissions) Contribution to CO₂ reduction for customers and society (Avoided Emissions)

スコープ1,2,3以外で、コニカミノルタの製品が導入されなかった場合と比較して顧客のCO₂削減に貢献した量。コニカミノルタでは、WBCSDの発行する「Guidance on Avoided Emissions v2.0」を参照し算定しています。詳しくは以下のリンクを参照ください。
The amount of CO₂ reduction achieved by customers—excluding Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions—compared to a scenario where Konica Minolta products were not adopted. Konica Minolta calculates this figure by referencing the "Guidance on Avoided Emissions v2.0" published by the WBCSD. Please refer to the link below.

削減貢献量算定方法
Method for Calculating Emission Reduction Contributions

指標 Indicators	単位 Unit	FY2025
デジタル印刷機 Accurioシリーズによる削減貢献量 Avoided emission by Accurio Series of Digital Printing Presses	t-CO ₂ ≒	809,500 ±

女性管理職比率※

Percentage of all management positions, including junior, middle and top management, held by women*

	単位 Unit	FY2025
コニカミノルタ(株) 注1 Konica Minolta Inc. Note1	%	12.2 (12.0) ☆
コニカミノルタグループ（全世界） 注2 Konica Minolta Group (worldwide) Note2	%	19.8 ☆

☆ 第三者保証を受けています。

☆The figure has been assured by a third party.

※ 女性管理職比率：役員を含む管理職における女性の割合。（ ）内は各年度の翌4月1日時点の役員を含まない管理職における女性の割合。

* Percentage of management positions held by women: The percentage of women in management positions, including executives. The figure in parentheses indicates the percentage of women in management positions, excluding executives, as of April 1 following each fiscal year.

注1：集計範囲にグループ会社への出向者を含む。

Note1：The scope of the data includes employees seconded to group companies.

注2：集計範囲は連結グループのうち人数ベースで2025年度は88%以上をカバーする。

Note 2: This data covers over 88% of the consolidated group by number of employees in FY2025.

Independent Practitioner's Limited Assurance Report

To the President & CEO of KONICA MINOLTA, INC.

Conclusion

We have performed a limited assurance engagement on whether selected environmental and social performance indicators (the “subject matter information” or the “SMI”) presented in KONICA MINOLTA, INC.’s (the “Company”) Environmental Data 2026 and Social Data 2026 (the “ESG Data”) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026 have been prepared in accordance with the criteria (the “Criteria”), which are established by the Company and are explained in the ESG Data. The SMI subject to the assurance engagement is indicated in the ESG Data with the symbol “☆”.

Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention to cause us to believe that the Company’s SMI as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Criteria.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 (Revised), *Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information*, and International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3410, *Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements*, issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Our responsibilities” section of our report.

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA).

Our firm applies International Standard on Quality Management (ISQM) 1, *Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Statements, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements*, issued by the IAASB. This standard requires the firm to design, implement and operate a system of quality management, including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Other information

Our conclusion on the SMI does not extend to any other information that accompanies or contains the SMI (hereafter referred to as “other information”). We have read the other information but have not performed any procedures with respect to the other information. We do not express any form of conclusions thereon.

Responsibilities for the SMI

Management of the Company are responsible for:

- designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation of the SMI that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- selecting or developing suitable criteria for preparing the SMI and appropriately referring to or describing the criteria used; and
- preparing the SMI in accordance with the Criteria.

Inherent limitations in preparing the SMI

As described in the Notes to the ESG Data, GHG emissions quantification is subject to uncertainty when measuring activity data, determining emission factors, and considering scientific uncertainty inherent in the

Global Warming Potentials. Hence, the selection by management of a different but acceptable measurement method, activity data, emission factors, and relevant assumptions or parameters could have resulted in materially different amounts being reported.

Our responsibilities

We are responsible for:

- planning and performing the engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the SMI is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- forming an independent conclusion, based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained; and
- reporting our conclusion to the management.

Summary of the work we performed as the basis for our conclusion

We exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the engagement. We designed and performed our procedures to obtain evidence about the SMI that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion. Our procedures selected depended on our understanding of the SMI and other engagement circumstances, and our consideration of areas where material misstatements are likely to arise. In carrying out our engagement, the procedures we performed primarily consisted of:

- assessing the suitability of the criteria applied to prepare the SMI;
- conducting interviews with the relevant personnel of the Company to obtain an understanding of the key processes, relevant systems and controls in place over the preparation of the SMI;
- performing analytical procedures including trend analysis;
- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatements;
- evaluating whether the Company's process for developing estimates as well as its use of data, selection of the methods and assumptions were appropriate;
- performing a site visit at one of the Company's sites which was determined through our risk assessment procedures;
- performing, on a sample basis, recalculation of amounts presented as part of the SMI;
- performing other evidence gathering procedures for selected samples; and
- evaluating whether the SMI was presented in accordance with the Criteria.

The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed.

/s/ Yoshimitsu Nagasaka

Yoshimitsu Nagasaka, Engagement Partner

KPMG AZSA Sustainability Co., Ltd.

Tokyo Office, Japan

September 4, 2026

Notes to the Reader of Assurance Report:

This is a copy of the Assurance Report and the original copies are kept separately by the Company and KPMG AZSA Sustainability Co., Ltd.